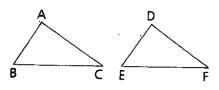
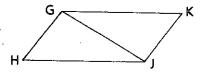
Part Three: Problem Sets

Problem Set A

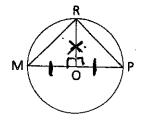
- 1 Given: $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{DE}$. $\overline{BC} \cong \overline{EF}$,
 - $\overline{AC} \cong \overline{DF}$
 - Prove: $\angle A \cong \angle D$



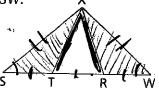
- **2** Given: \angle HGJ \cong \angle KJG,
 - $\angle KGJ \cong \angle HJG$
 - Conclusion: $\overline{HG} \cong \overline{KJ}$



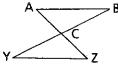
- 3 Given: ⊙O,
 - RO ⊥ MP
 - Prove: $\overline{MR} \cong \overline{PR}$



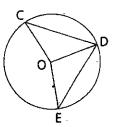
- 4 Given: T and R trisect SW.
 - $\overline{XS} \cong \overline{XW}$
 - $\angle S \cong \angle W$
 - Prove: $\overline{XT} \cong \overline{XR}$



- **5** Given: $\angle B \cong \angle Y$;
 - C is the midpt. of BY.
 - Conclusion: $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{YZ}$



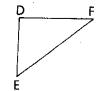
- 6 Given: ⊙O,
 - $\overline{CD} \cong \overline{DE}$
 - Prove: $\angle COD \cong \angle DOE$



- 7 Find, to the nearest tenth, the area and the circumference of a circle whose radius is 12.5 cm.
- **8** $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle DEF$,

 - $\angle A_{\leq 0} = 90^{\circ}$, $\angle B = 50^{\circ}$, $\angle C = 40^{\circ}$, $\angle E = 12x + 30$, $\angle E = \frac{y}{2} 10$,
 - $m \angle D = \sqrt{z}$
 - Solve for x, y, and z.

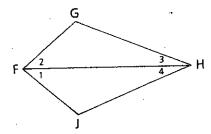




Problem Set A, continued

9 Given: FH bisects ∠GFJ and ∠GHJ.

Conclusion: $\overline{FG} \cong \overline{FJ}$

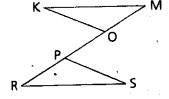


10 Given: $\angle M \cong \angle R$,

 $\angle RPS \cong \angle MOK$,

 $\overline{MP} \cong \overline{RO}$

Conclusion: $\overline{KM} \cong \overline{RS}$



11 Explain why the area of the shaded region is $100 - 25\pi$.



Problem Set B

12 Given: H is the midpt. of \overline{GJ} .

M is the midpt. of \overline{OK} .

 $\overline{GO} \cong \overline{JK}$,

 $\overline{GI} \cong \overline{OK}$,

 $\angle G \cong \angle K$,

OK = 27,

OK = 27,

$$m\angle GOH = x + 24$$
, $m\angle GHO = 2y - 7$,

 $m \angle JMK = 3y - 23$, $m \angle MJK = 4x - 105$

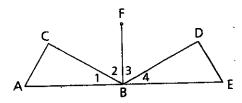
Find: m∠GOH, m∠GHO, and GH

13 Given: $\angle A \cong \angle E$, $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{BE}$,

 $\overline{FB} \perp \overline{AE}$,

 $\angle 2 \cong \angle 3$

Prove: $\overline{CB} \cong \overline{DB}$

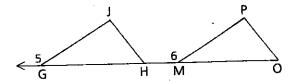


14 Given: $\angle 5 \cong \angle 6$,

 $\angle JHG \cong \angle O$,

 $\overline{GH} \cong \overline{MO}$

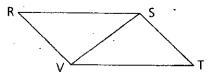
Conclusion: $\angle J \cong \angle P$



15 Given: $\angle RST \cong \angle RVT$,

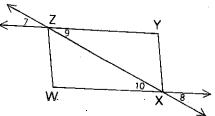
 $\angle RVS \cong \angle TSV$

Conclusion: $\overline{RS} \cong \overline{VT}$



16 Given: $\angle 7 \stackrel{\checkmark}{\cong} \angle 8$, $\overline{ZY} \cong \overline{WX}$

Prove: $\angle W \cong \angle Y$

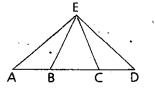


17 Given: $\angle AEC \cong \angle DEB$,

 $\overline{BE} \cong \overline{CE}$,

 $\angle ABE \cong \angle DCE$

Prove: $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{CD}$



18 Given: $\overline{KG} \cong \overline{GJ}$,

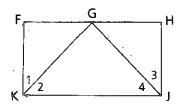
 $\angle 2 \cong \angle 4$,

 $\angle 1$ is comp. to $\angle 2$.

 $\angle 3$ is comp. to $\angle 4$.

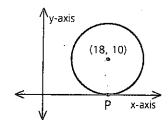
 $\angle FGJ \cong \angle HGK$

Conclusion: $\overline{FG} \cong \overline{HG}$



19 a Find the coordinates of point P.

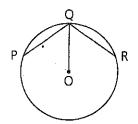
b Find the area of the circle.



20 Given: ⊙O,

 $\overline{PQ} \cong \overline{QR}$

Prove: QÓ bisects ∠PQR.



Problem Set C

21 Given: $\overline{AE} \cong \overline{FC}$,

 $\overline{FB} \cong \overline{DE}$,

∠CFB ≅ ∠AED

Prove: $\angle 1 \cong \angle 2$

